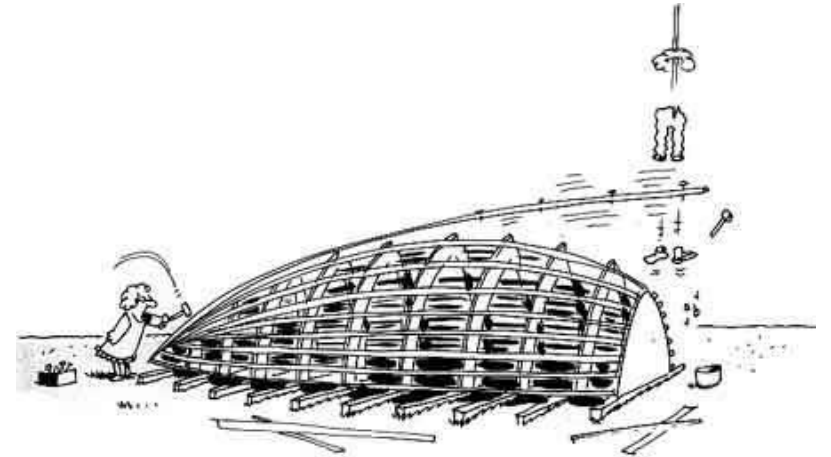


# How to build an ocean cruiser from your own forest ?

## Here is the short version:

1. Cut down the trees you need
2. Split them to hundreds of long strips
3. Glue them side by side on frames shaped like a boat
4. Cover everything with glass fibre and epoxy

Done !



**If you want a longer version, go on reading !**

If you want the full version check <http://www.toan.se>

First of all, you  
need a boat house.

I used my old  
Volvo tractor  
“Bettan” to pre-  
pare the area.





One rock  
was too big.

A good fire  
took care of  
that!





I added some  
gravel...





...and prepared  
for concreting.





Good friends came to help me and the truck arrived with concrete.





We used a 7 meter long vibrator to fair the surface.





Now it was time  
for woodwork.

I cut the trees and  
my friend Nisse  
helped me with  
transportation...





...to his fathers  
sawmill.





First cuts with  
the big circular  
saw...





...and then  
adjustment  
in the band  
saw.





I could now start assembling the truss to carry the walls and roof of the boat house.





Frames erected,  
time for roofing  
party!





Sheet metal on the  
roof and walls of  
wood.





Timber cut  
early -98

Ground work  
with Bettan  
summer -98

Concreting in  
August -99

Boat house  
finished  
October -99.





Spring 2000.

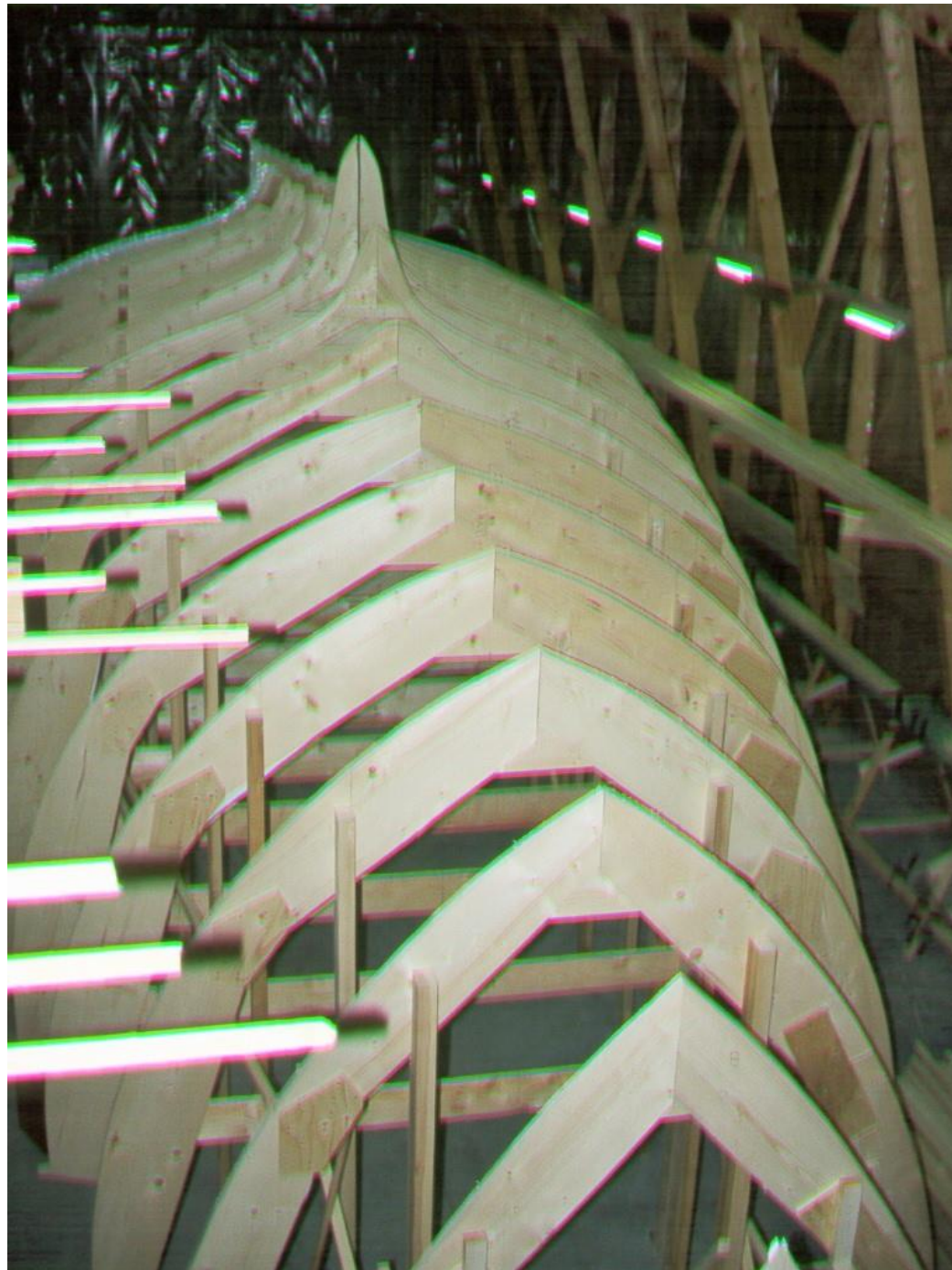
Time to start  
building a boat !

You need a lot  
of frames.





Put the frames upside  
down on the floor.





Then you add the stem  
and horn timber.





You also need  
a sheer plank.

Then the first  
strips can be  
fastened.





Add more strips !





And more strips...





..until the hull is covered.





During the winter you  
can finish the keel plank.





Planing big pieces  
of wood.





And shaping them  
to fit the hull.





Many strange  
wood pieces  
make up the  
keel plank.





Here is the first piece  
in position.





The big wedge.





All pieces in place  
and sanded to the  
right shape.





Still some strips missing.





Last strips in place.





Epoxy.





A first coat.





Glass fibre.





Outside of hull  
covered with four  
layers of glass and  
epoxy.





Time to turn  
the hull the  
right way.





Two tons of weight.





Half way around.





A sideways move  
before completing  
the turn.





Bird of Passsage  
finally on an  
even keel.

Turning took  
two days !





Remove the  
frames, add glass  
fibre and epoxy  
also on the inside.



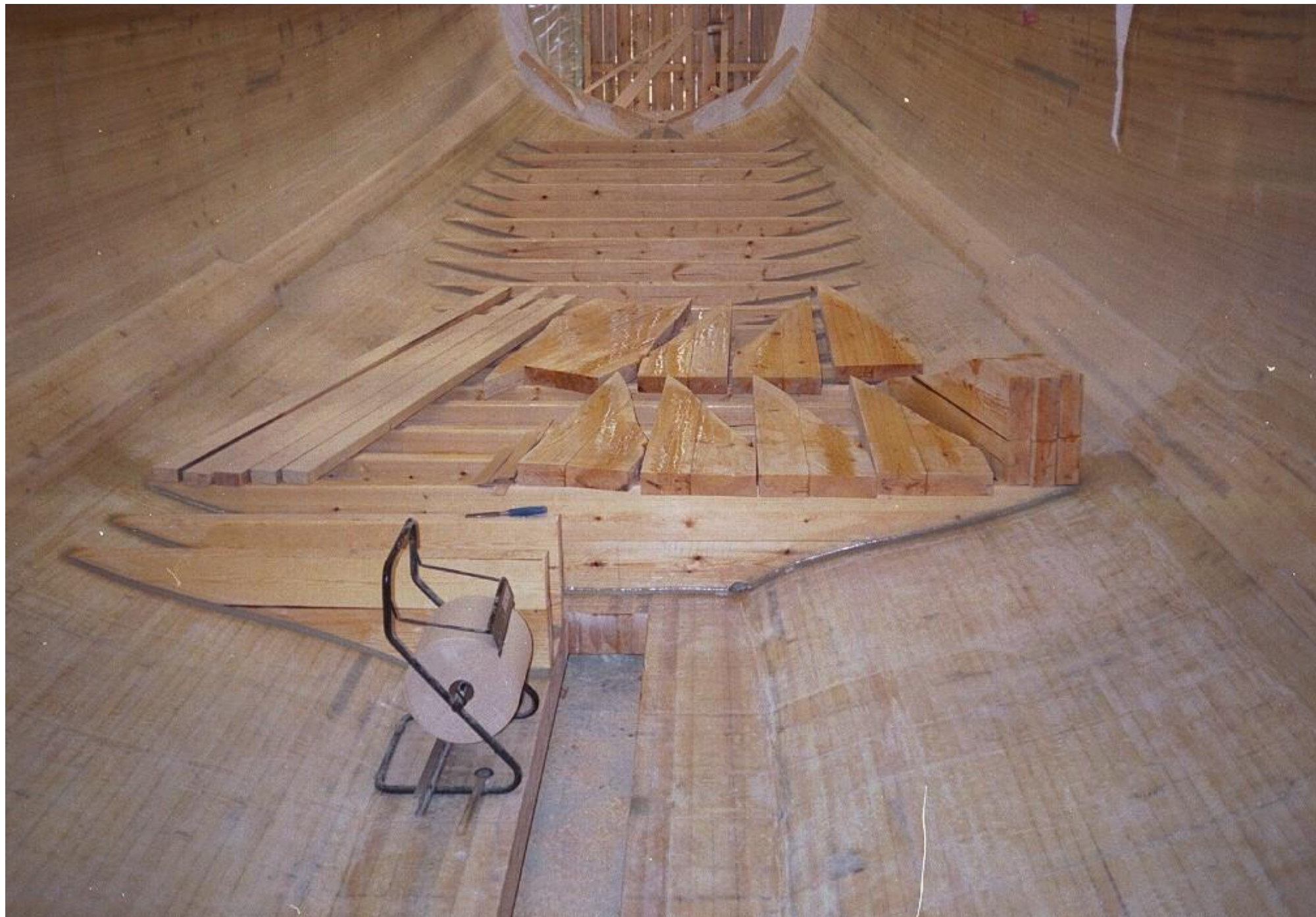


Four layers  
everywhere





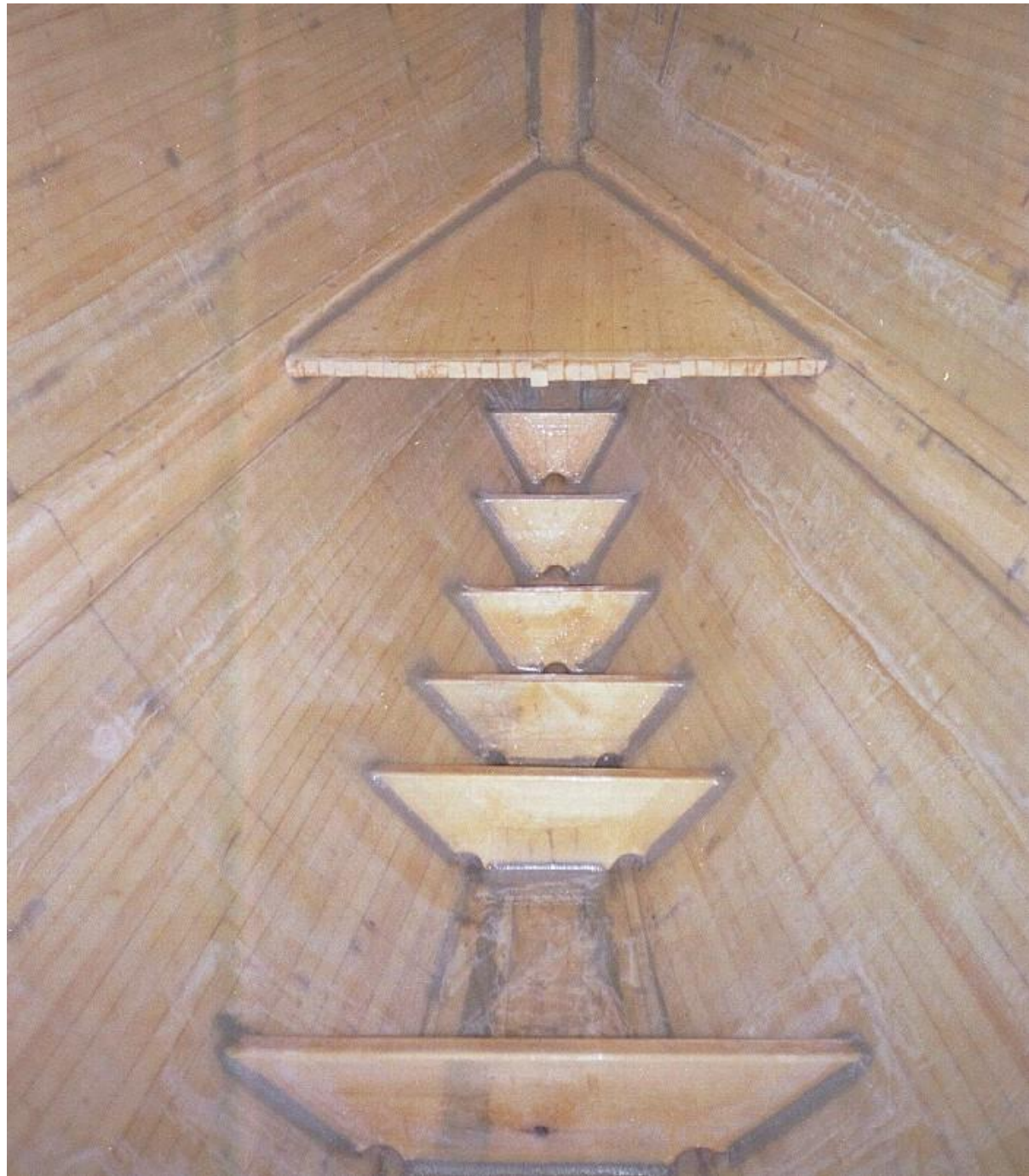
Stringers and  
floors is a lot  
of job.





One floor every foot  
along the keel.

Bottom of future  
anchor box.





I made the stern  
in my garage  
during the winter.

First a big  
rounded piece...





...and then another  
one differently  
rounded.





Then I joined the  
two, also with  
strips.





Glass fibre and  
expoxy on both  
sides and then I  
mounted it on  
the hull.

Three steps on  
one side...





...and a box for the  
shower on the other  
side.



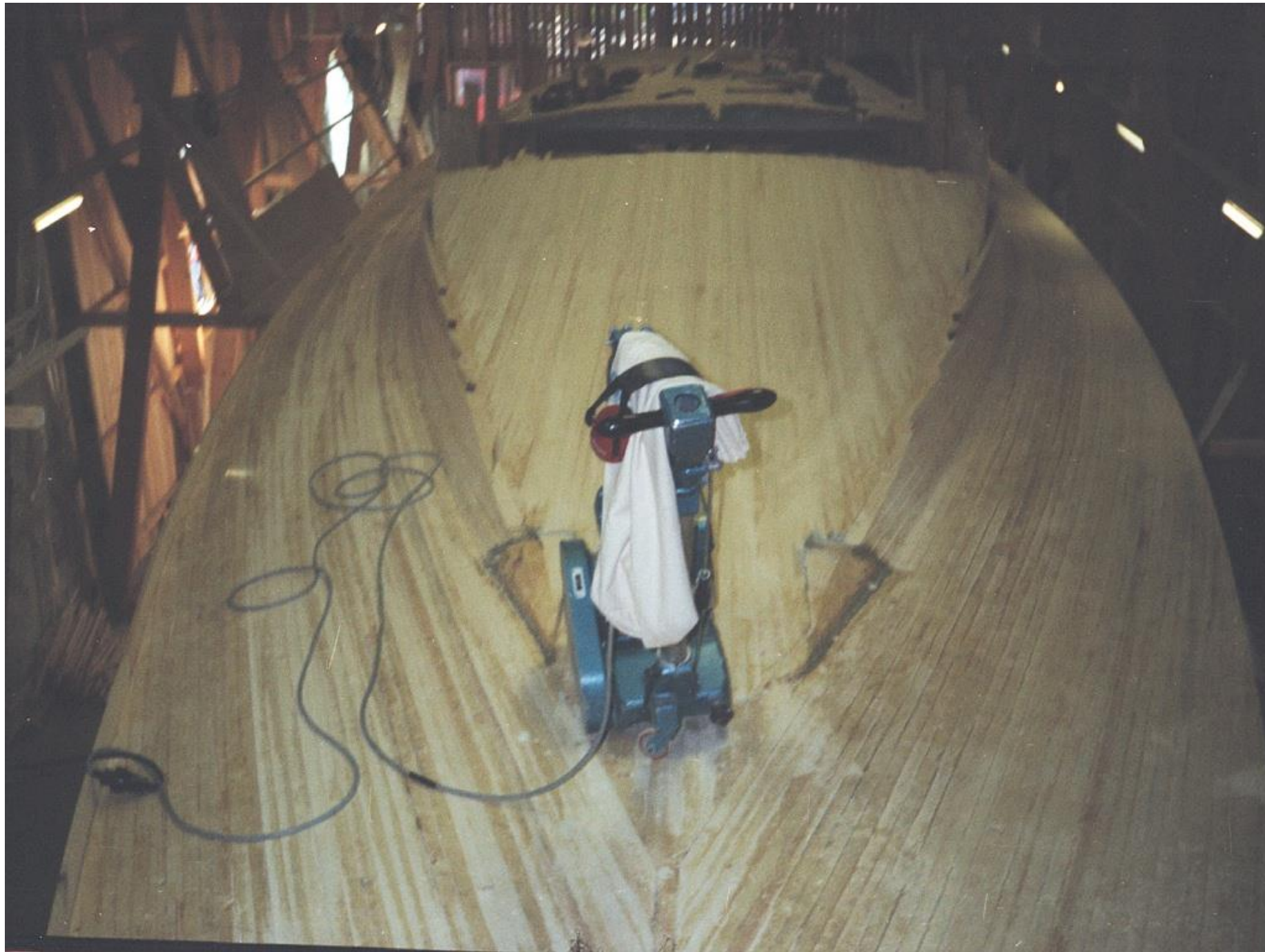


Time to start with the deck.





Raised fore deck.





Bridge deck.





Outside of deck  
covered with glass  
fibre and epoxy.

Time for turning !





Deck upside  
down. Now the  
frames can be  
removed and...





...also this side  
covered with  
glass fibre and  
epoxy.





Forward anchor box





Two anchor  
boxes on the  
aft deck.

Skylight on  
the bridge  
deck.



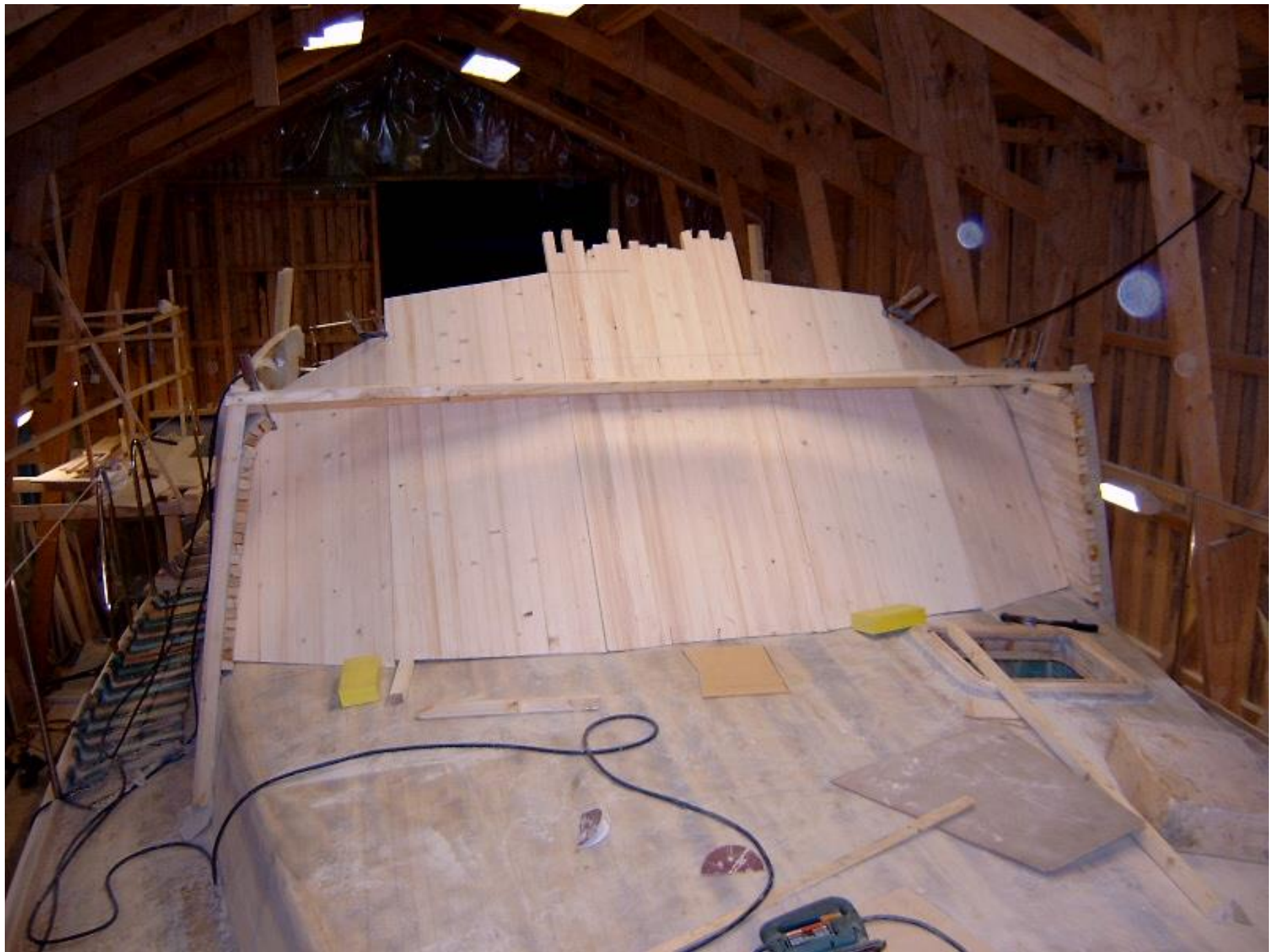


Time to start  
with the deck  
saloon.





Forward part.





Side walls.





Roof.





Ribs for maximum strength.





Rear wall and roof.





Holes cut for windows.





Steering console.





Hatch for shore connections.





Plywood interior.





Some spaces are  
difficult to reach !





Galley.





Forward cabin.





Forward collision bulkhead  
with watertight hatch.





Aft cabin.





Aft cabin storage.





Opening to  
machine room.

Toilet and shower  
to the left.





Pulpit.





Pushpit.





Welding together  
the parts for the  
keel box.





One side done.





Soon finished.





Lifting the keel  
box into the hull.





Almost there.





Boat lifted one  
meter.





Deadwood.





Retractable  
part of keel.

To be filled  
with lead.





Dig a hole in  
the ground.





Put the empty  
keel in the  
hole.





Melt lead.





Pour it into  
the keel.





Plastic tubes for  
electric wiring.

400 meters in total !





Electricity.





Water tank, 400  
litres.





Outside painting.





Grey anti skid paint on deck.





Rudder.





Hydraulic  
steering system.





Two engines.





Galley.





Forward  
toilet/shower  
and cabin.





Mid cabin.





Saloon.





Navigation.





Bar.





Aft cabin.





Aft toilet and shower.





An old truck  
wagon...





...rebuilt to fit  
Bird of Passage.





First roll out.





Tight start.





Launch...

Party again !





First sea trial.





Rigging.





A lot of lines.





140 square meters of sail.





Bimini and  
solar panels.





Windlass.





The End